

## [2016-Oct.-NEW] Download Braindump2go AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate Exam Questions and Answers 423q Free [31-37]

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<https://1drv.ms/b/s!AvI7wzKf6QBjcfNAON6jenVywWU> QUESTION 31 IAM provides several policy templates you can use to automatically assign permissions to the groups you create. The \_\_\_\_\_ policy template gives the Admins group permission to access all account resources, except your AWS account information. A. Read Only Access B. Power User Access C. AWS Cloud Formation Read Only Access D. Administrator Access Answer: B Explanation: AWS managed policies are designed to provide permissions for many common use cases. For example, there are AWS managed policies that define typical permissions for administrators (all access), for power users (all access except IAM), and for other various levels of access to AWS services. AWS managed policies make it easier for you to assign appropriate permissions to users, groups, and roles than if you had to write the policies yourself. [http://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/access\\_policies\\_managed-vs-inline.html](http://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/access_policies_managed-vs-inline.html) QUESTION 32 While performing the volume status checks, if the status is insufficient-data, what does it mean? A. the checks may still be in progress on the volume B. the check has passed C. the check has failed Answer: A Explanation: If the status is insufficient-data, the checks may still be in progress on the volume. You can view the results of volume status checks to identify any impaired volumes and take any necessary actions.

<http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/monitoring-volume-status.html#monitoring-volume-checks> QUESTION 33

IAM's Policy Evaluation Logic always starts with a default \_\_\_\_\_ for every request, except for those that use the AWS account's root security credentials. A. Permit B. Deny C. Cancel Answer: B Explanation:

[http://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/reference\\_policies\\_evaluation-logic.html](http://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/reference_policies_evaluation-logic.html) QUESTION 34

By default, when an EBS volume is attached to a Windows instance, it may show up as any drive letter on the instance. You can change the settings of the \_\_\_\_\_ Service to set the drive letters of the EBS volumes per your specifications. A. EBSService B. AMIService C. Ec2Config Service D. Ec2-AMIService Answer: C Explanation: Ec2Config Service is like sysprep and used specifically for windows instances. You can change parameters in OS before launching. QUESTION 35 For each DB Instance class, what is the maximum size of associated storage capacity? A. 5GB B. 1TB C. 6TB D. 500GB Answer: C Explanation: You can now create MySQL, PostgreSQL, and Oracle RDS database instances with up to 6TB of storage and SQL Server RDS database instances with up to 4TB of storage when using the Provisioned IOPS and General Purpose (SSD) storage types. Existing MySQL, PostgreSQL, and Oracle RDS database instances can be scaled to these new database storage limits without any downtime.?

QUESTION 36 SQL Server \_\_\_\_\_ store logins and passwords in the master database. A. can be configured to but by default does not B. doesn't C. does Answer: C Explanation: There are two authentications Windows authentication The credentials for which are not stored in SQL Server database and managed by windows/AD. There would be entry for windows authenticated logins in master database with respective SID but password would be with Active directory. SQL Server authentication. For 2nd we have password stored in hash format you can see it from sys.sql\_logins. The information about SQL server logins are stored in master database and each login has SID respective to it. Only SA login has same SID no matter what server it is. That is why when you move database by backup restore mechanism users are moved not logins and you finally have to create logins (if already not there) and map it to users. This is generally called as troubleshooting orphaned users QUESTION 37 What is Oracle SQL Developer? A. An AWS developer who is an expert in Amazon RDS using both the Oracle and SQL Server DB engines B. A graphical Java tool distributed without cost by Oracle. C. It is a variant of the SQL Server Management Studio designed by Microsoft to support Oracle DBMS functionalities D. A different DBMS released by Microsoft free of cost Answer: B Explanation:

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/developer-tools/sql-developer/what-is-sqldev-093866.html> !!!RECOMMEND!!!

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